



Land Monitoring

# Copernicus Global Land Service

Operational Product Validation

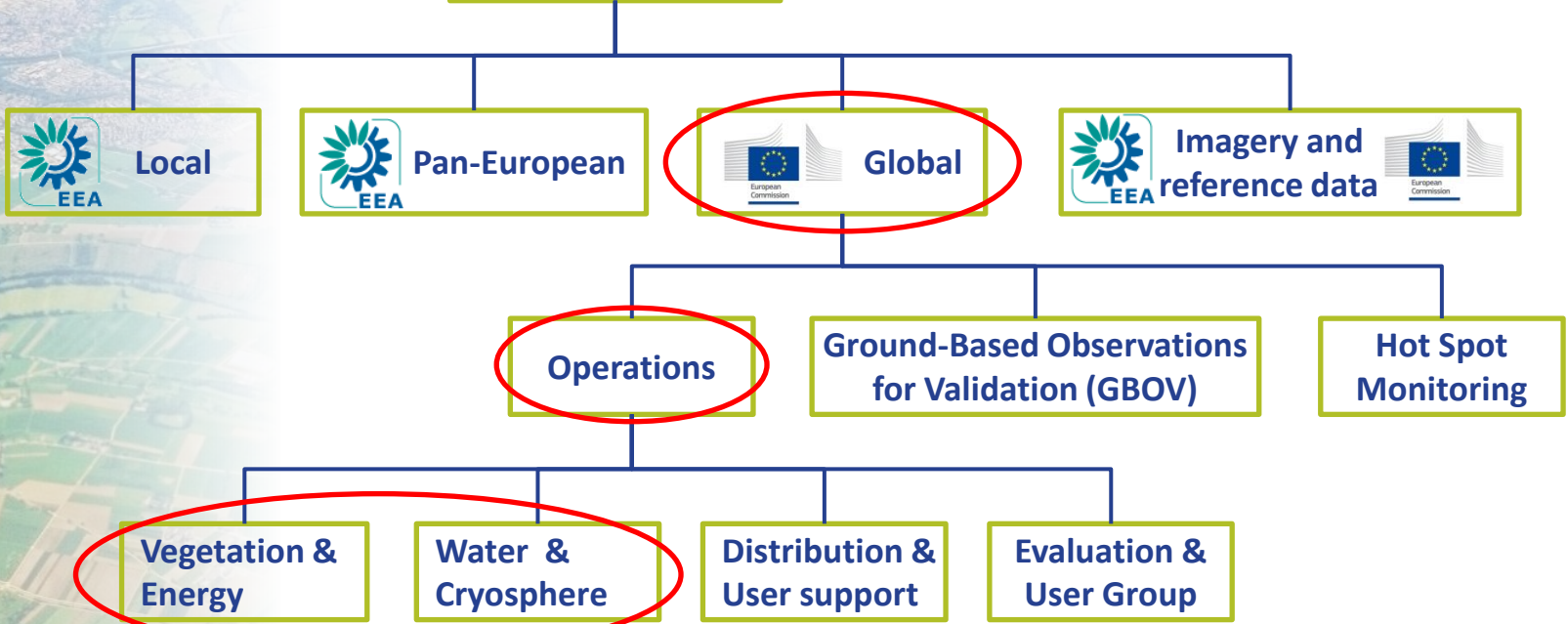
R. Lacaze  
on behalf CGLOPS-1 and CGLOPS-2 consortia





Global Land  
Operations

# Copernicus Land Monitoring Service





# Copernicus Global Land Operations - Portfolio

## VEGETATION



Leaf Area Index (LAI)
Fraction of Absorbed Photosynthetically Active Radiation (FAPAR)
Fraction of vegetation cover (FCOVER)
Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI)
Vegetation Condition Index *
Vegetation Productivity Index *
Dry Matter Productivity (DMP)
Burnt Area
Moderate Yearly Land Cover *
Surface Soil Moisture (SSM)
Soil Water Index (SWI)

## ENERGY



Top-of-Canopy reflectance *
Surface Albedo *
Land Surface Temperature

Free and Open Access : <https://land.copernicus.eu/global/>

## WATER



Lake and river water level
Lake Water Quality
Lake surface water temperature
Water Bodies

## CRYOSPHERE



Snow water equivalent (SWE)
Snow cover extent (SCE)
Lake Ice Extent

 **CGLOPS products in LPV topics**

*\* Archive only*



## CGLOPS Products in LPV topics

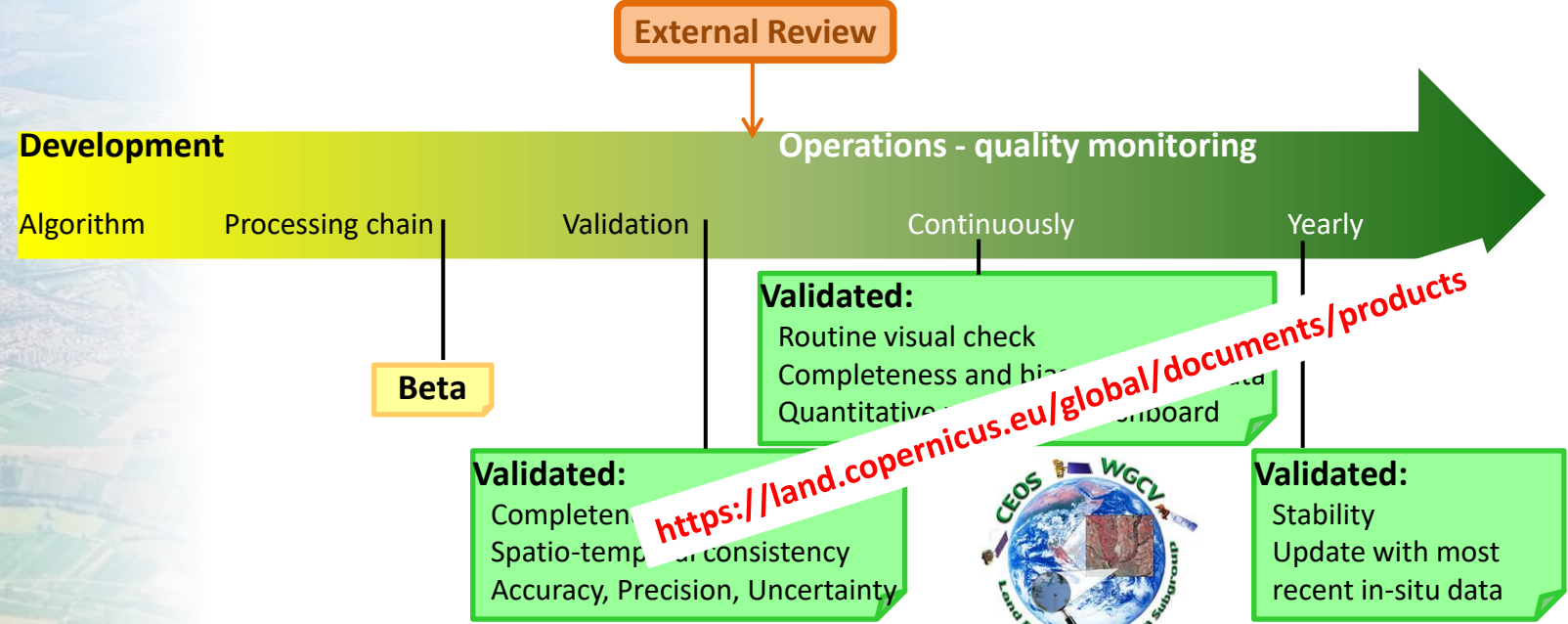
Variable	Temporal coverage	Temporal resolution	Spatial coverage	Spatial resolution	Sensor
<b>LAI – FAPAR (FCOVER)</b>	1999 - 2020 2014 - present	10 days	Global	1 km* 300 m	SPOT/VGT + PROBA-V PROBA-V + S3/OLCI
<b>Burnt Areas</b>	2014 - present	1 day	Global	300 m	PROBA-V + S3/OLCI&SLSTR
<b>NDVI</b>	1999 - 2020 2014 - present	10 days	Global	1 km* 300 m	SPOT/VGT + PROBA-V PROBA-V + S3/OLCI
<b>Dynamic land cover</b>	2015 - 2019	1 year	Global	100m	PROBA-V
<b>Surface Soil Moisture</b>	2015 - present	1 day	Europe	1 km	S1 CSAR
<b>Soil Water Index</b>	2007 – present 2015 - present	1 day	Global Europe	0.1° 1 km	ASCAT S1 CSAR+ASCAT
<b>Snow Cover Extent</b>	2018 – present 2017 - present	1 day	Northern Hemisphere Europe	1 km 500 m	VIIRS MODIS
<b>Snow Water Equivalent</b>	2006 - present	1 day	Northern Hemisphere	5 km	SSMIS + VIIRS
<b>Surface Albedo **</b>	1999 - 2020	10 days	Global	1 km *	SPOT/VGT + PROBA-V
<b>Land Surface Temperature</b>	2010- present	1 hour	Global	5 km	Geostationary sensors

\* 1km time series stopped on 30<sup>th</sup> June 2020.

\*\* Production of 300m time series moved to Copernicus Climate Change Service



# Quality assessment approach

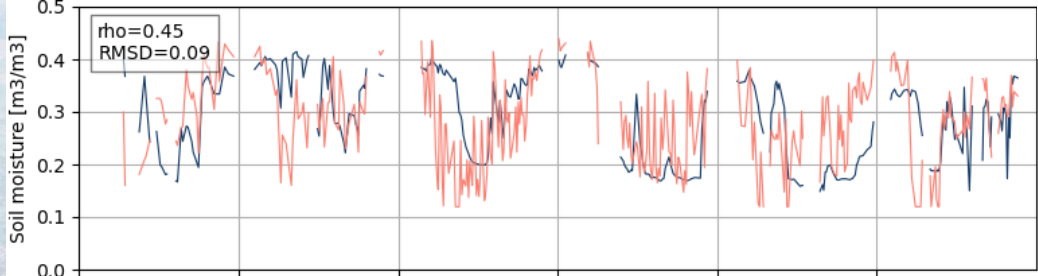


- Quality Assessment:
  - Following, as much as possible when they exist, the CEOS LPV guidelines
  - **Direct validation:** comparison against in-situ data, yearly updates to reach LPV Stage 4
  - **Indirect validation:** Inter-comparison with existing satellite-derived products (e.g. MODIS)



# Direct Validation example – Sentinel-1 Soil Moisture

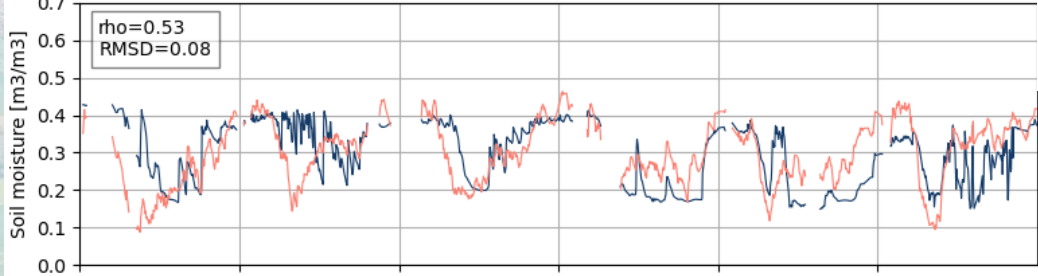
HOAL, Hoal-01 (lon 15.14°E, lat 48.16°N) - Austria



## Surface Soil Moisture

- In-situ International Soil Moisture Network
- CGLOPS Sentinel-1 SSM

[https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cgls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1\\_SQE2020\\_SSM1km\\_I1.00.pdf](https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cgls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1_SQE2020_SSM1km_I1.00.pdf)



## Soil Water Index

*Sub-surface layer*

- In-situ International Soil Moisture Network
- CGLOPS Sentinel-1 & ASCAT SWI (T=10)



## Soil Water Index

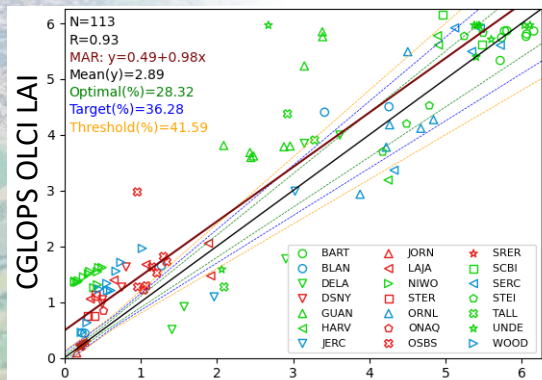
*Deep soil layer*

- In-situ International Soil Moisture Network
- CGLOPS Sentinel-1 & ASCAT SWI (T=100)

[https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cgls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1\\_SQE2020\\_SWI1km\\_I1.00.pdf](https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cgls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1_SQE2020_SWI1km_I1.00.pdf)

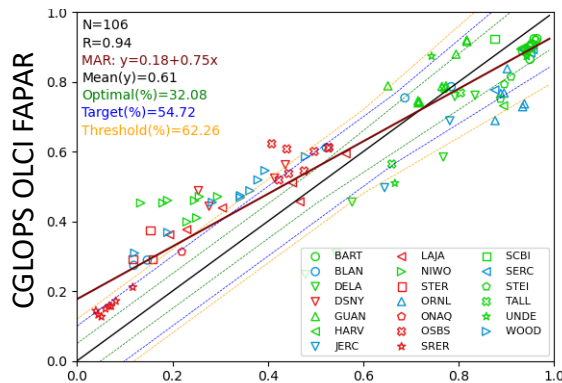


## Ground-Based Observations for Validation (GBOV) sites (July 2018 – April 2019)



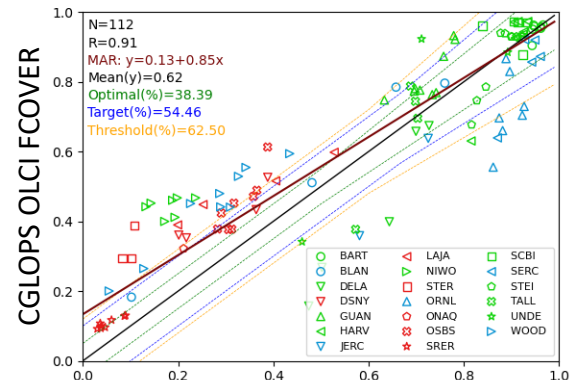
In-situ GBOV

B=0.433(16.21%)    STD=0.747(27.97%)    RMSD=0.864(32.33%)  
 MD=0.381(14.27%)    MAD=0.543(20.34%)



In-situ GBOV

B=0.035(5.97%)    STD=0.123(20.73%)    RMSD=0.128(21.57%)  
 MD=0.063(10.58%)    MAD=0.096(16.11%)



In-situ GBOV

B=0.045(7.57%)    STD=0.133(22.15%)    RMSD=0.140(23.40%)  
 MD=0.057(9.45%)    MAD=0.087(14.47%)

[https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cgls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1\\_QAR\\_LAI300m-V1.1\\_I1.00.pdf](https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cgls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1_QAR_LAI300m-V1.1_I1.00.pdf) available soon

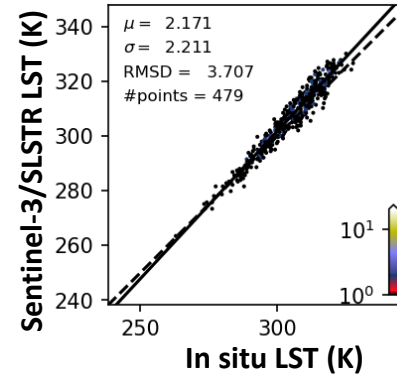
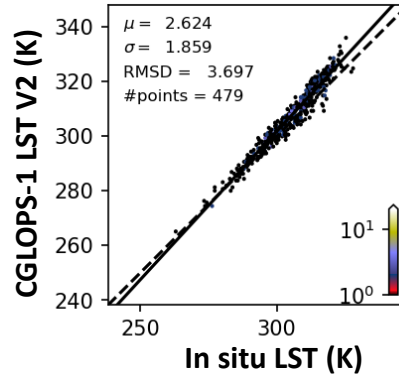


# Direct Validation example – Land Surface Temperature

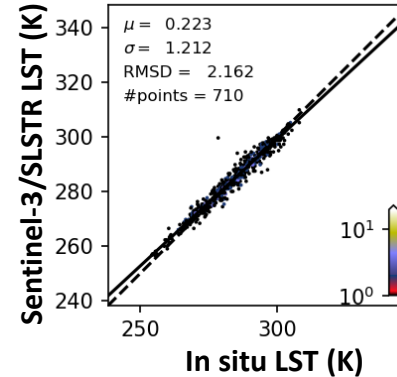
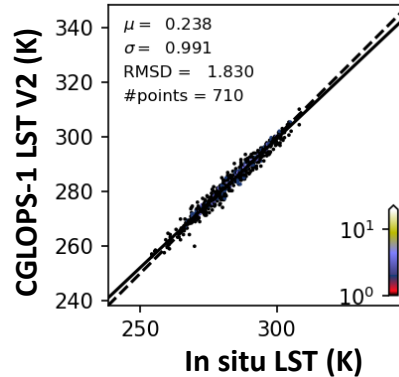
In situ LST from  
various networks:

- BSRN
- ARM
- OzFlux
- EFDC
- GBOV

Day time (Sept – Dec 2019)



Night time (Sept – Dec 2019)

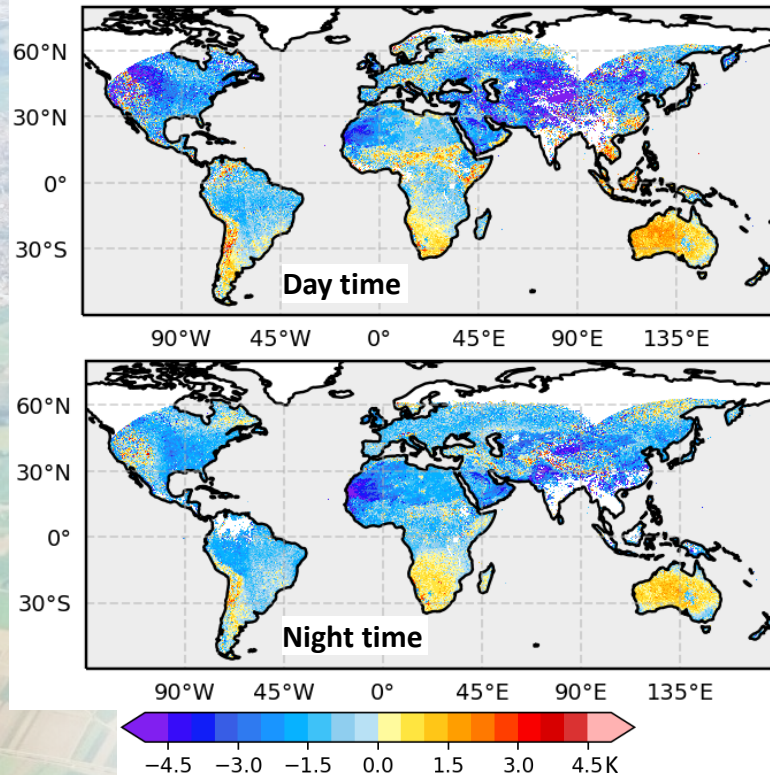




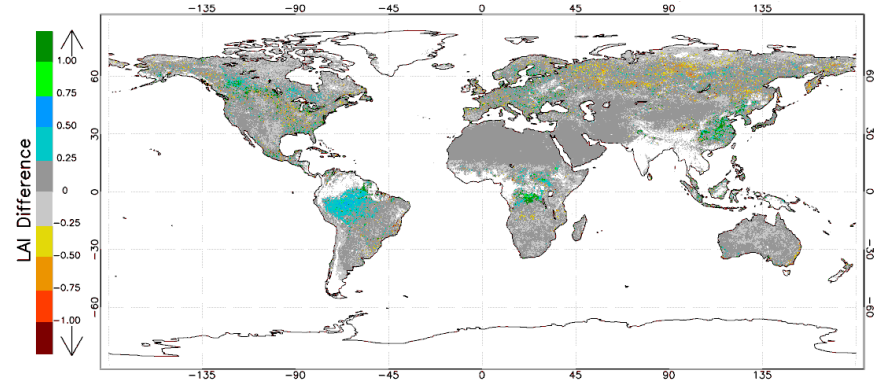


# Indirect Validation example – inter-comparison : spatial consistency

**CGLOPS-1 LST V2 – Sentinel-3/SLSTR LST**  
June / July / August 2020



**CGLOPS-1 OLCI LAI – CGLOPS-1 PROBA-V LAI**  
20 July 2018



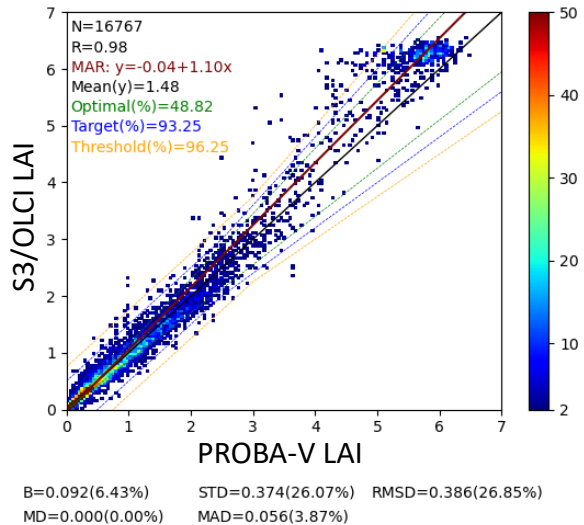
[https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cgls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1\\_QAR\\_LAI300m-V1.1\\_I1.00.pdf](https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cgls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1_QAR_LAI300m-V1.1_I1.00.pdf) available soon



# Indirect Validation example – inter-comparison : statistical consistency

## Sentinel-3/OLCI LAI vs PROBA-V LAI

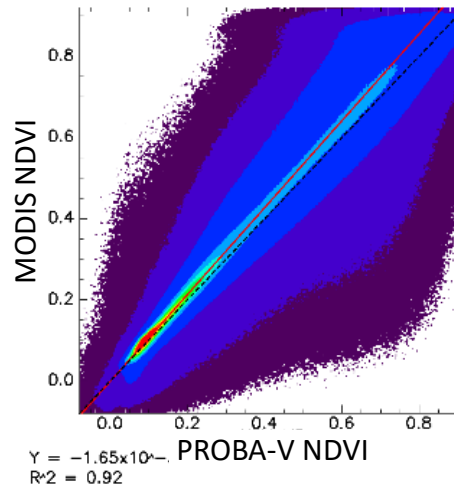
720 LANDVAL sites  
07/2018 – 04/2019



[https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cqls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1\\_QAR\\_LAI300m-V1.1\\_I1.00.pdf](https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cqls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1_QAR_LAI300m-V1.1_I1.00.pdf) available soon

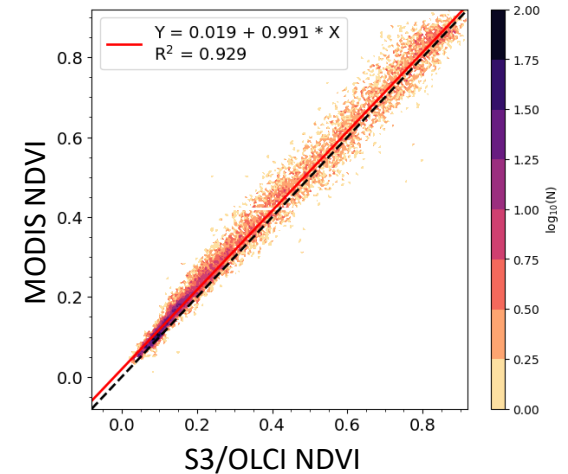
## CGLOPS-1 NDVI vs MCD43A4 NDVI

PROBA-V NDVI 1km  
Global sampling (21x21)  
2011-2016



[https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cqls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1\\_QAR\\_NDVI1km-V3\\_I1.10.pdf](https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cqls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1_QAR_NDVI1km-V3_I1.10.pdf)

Sentinel-3/OLCI NDVI 300m  
720 LANDVAL sites  
07/2018 – 06/2019



[https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cqls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1\\_QAR\\_NDVI300m-V2\\_I1.00.pdf](https://land.copernicus.eu/global/sites/cqls.vito.be/files/products/CGLOPS1_QAR_NDVI300m-V2_I1.00.pdf) available soon

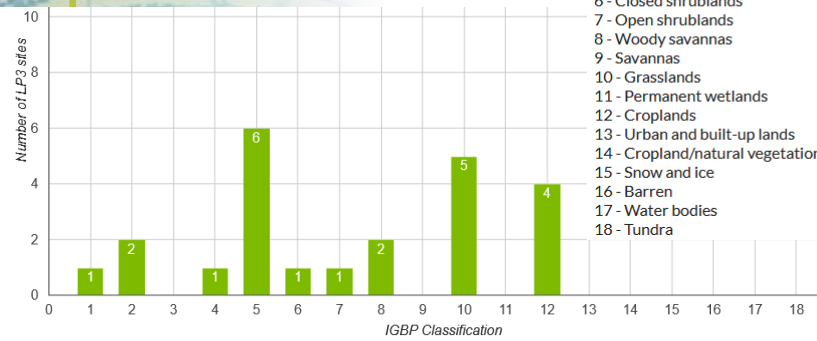


# CGLOPS needs for product validation

- Quality controlled and harmonized ground data (e.g. GBOV)
  - More sites: « ... a significant (typically > 30) set of locations ... » is required to reach LPV validation stage 2 and beyond
  - Better ecosystems sampling
  - More super-sites to ensure consistency across variables
  - Better global distribution



- 1 - Evergreen needleleaf forests
- 2 - Evergreen broadleaf forests
- 3 - Deciduous needleleaf forests
- 4 - Deciduous broadleaf forests
- 5 - Mixed forests
- 6 - Closed shrublands
- 7 - Open shrublands
- 8 - Woody savannas
- 9 - Savannas
- 10 - Grasslands
- 11 - Permanent wetlands
- 12 - Croplands
- 13 - Urban and built-up lands
- 14 - Cropland/natural vegetation mosaics
- 15 - Snow and ice
- 16 - Barren
- 17 - Water bodies
- 18 - Tundra

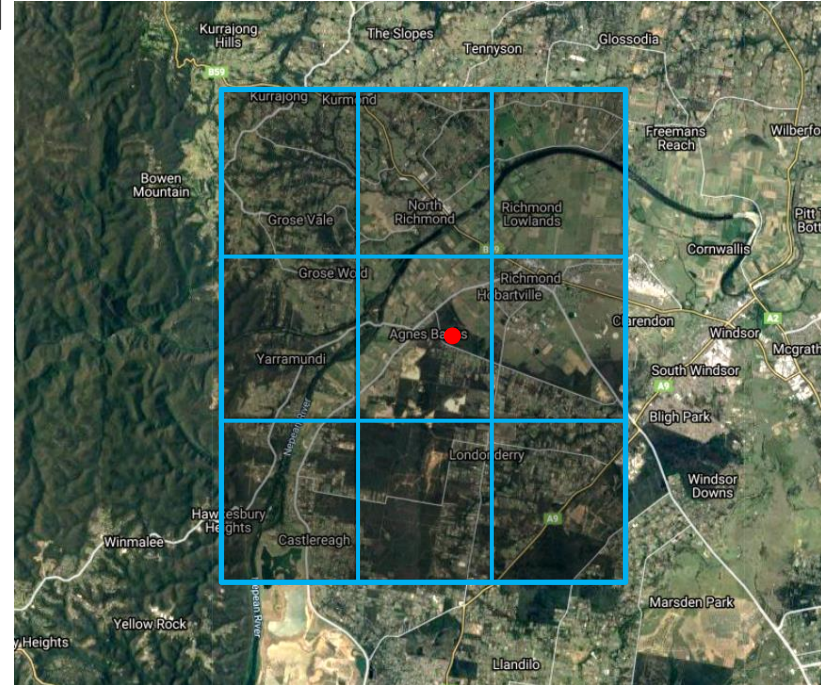


- Radiometry  
34 sites
- Vegetation  
23 sites
- Soil Moisture  
20 sites
- Land Surface Temperature  
21 sites



## CGLOPS needs for product validation

- Spatial representativeness is challenging
  - Local measurement vs satellite pixel
- Up-scaled products (like GBOV LPs) could be useful
  - Set-up to be representative at satellite pixel level
- But are they reliable?
  - Some upscaling methods deviate from the LPV protocols



Google Earth image

● Cumberland site, Australia  
3 x 3 CGLOPS LST pixels



## Recommendation

### Build-up a **reference** database of in-situ measurements

- GBOV could be a starting point (quality control, harmonisation)
- Increase and better balance of the spatial sampling
- Invest in supersites with long-term maintenance
- Improve the timeliness (less than 3 months)
- **Validate upscaling approaches by independent review**
  - LPV groups/experts could contribute



Land Monitoring

