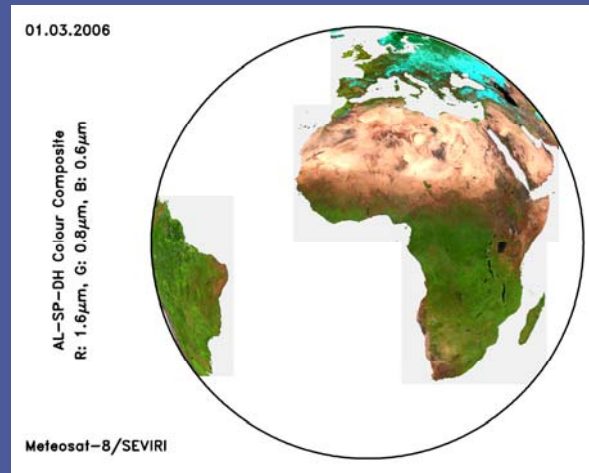


LAND SURFACE ALBEDO FROM MSG GEOSTATIONARY SATELLITE

(METHOD FOR RETRIEVAL, VALIDATION,
AND APPLICATION FOR WEATHER FORECAST)



*D. Carrer, B. Geiger, J.L. Roujean, O. Hautecoeur, J. Cedilnik,
J.F. Mahfouf, C. Meurey, and L. Franchistéguy*

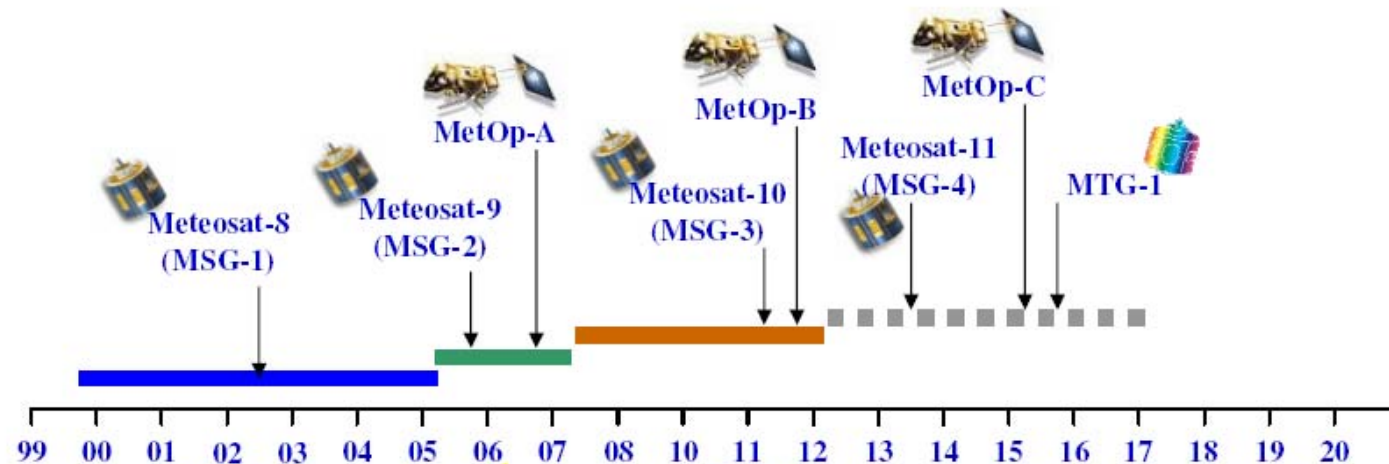
OUTLINE

- Land SAF project
- Surface Albedo Products
 - method for retrieval*
 - evaluation*
 - application for weather forecast*
- Perspectives

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Land-SAF CHRONOGRAM

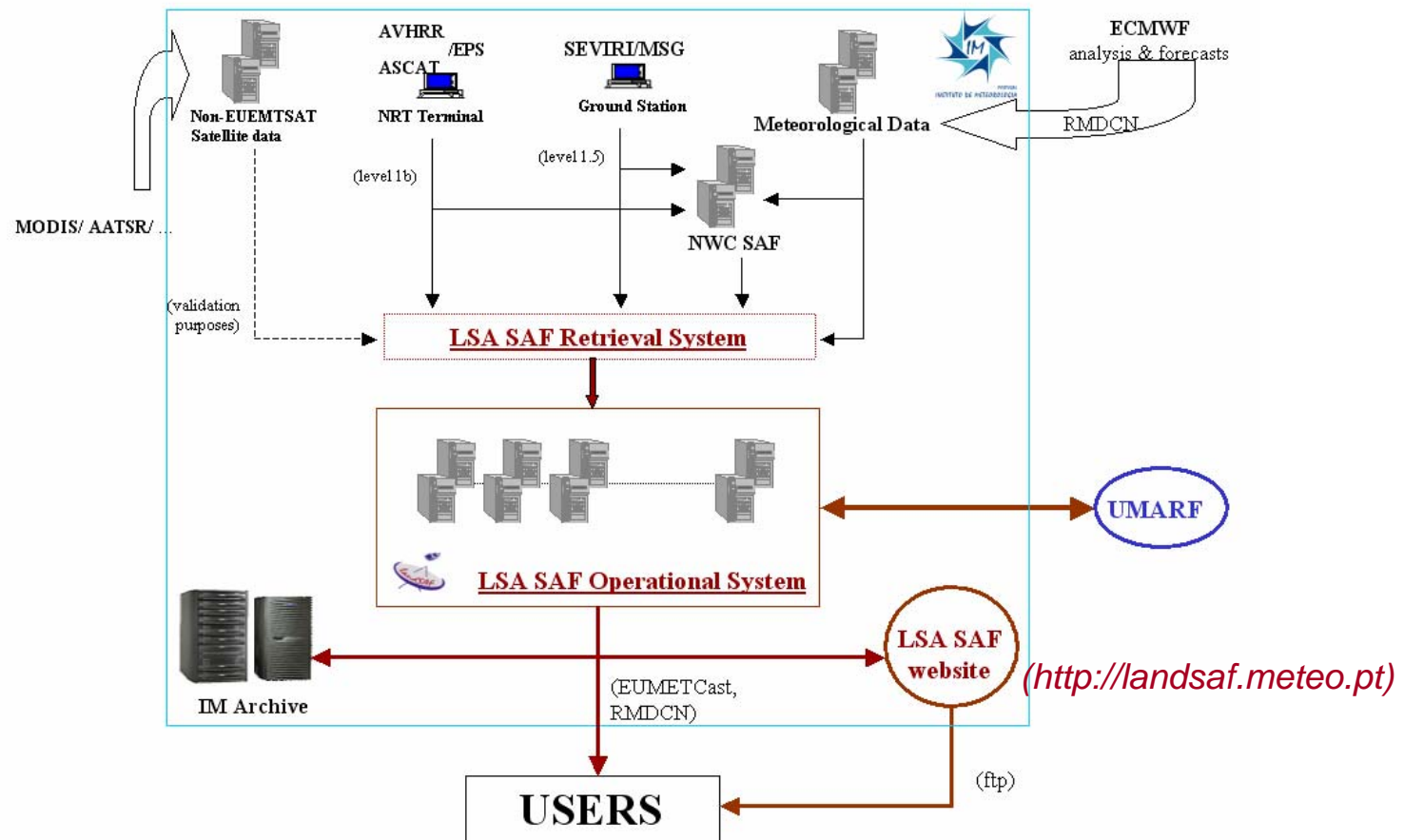


**Development
Phase:
Sep 1999**

**Initial
Operations
Phase:
Feb 2005**

**Continuous
Development &
Operations Phase
Mar 2007**

OPERATIONAL SYSTEM



THE Land-SAF CONSORTIUM (2009)



- Instituto de Meteorologia (IM), Portugal



- Météo-France (MF), France



- Royal Meteorological Institute (RMI), Belgium



- Finnish Meteorological Institute (FMI), Finland



- IMK, University of Karlsruhe



- IDL, University of Lisbon

- UV, University of Valencia

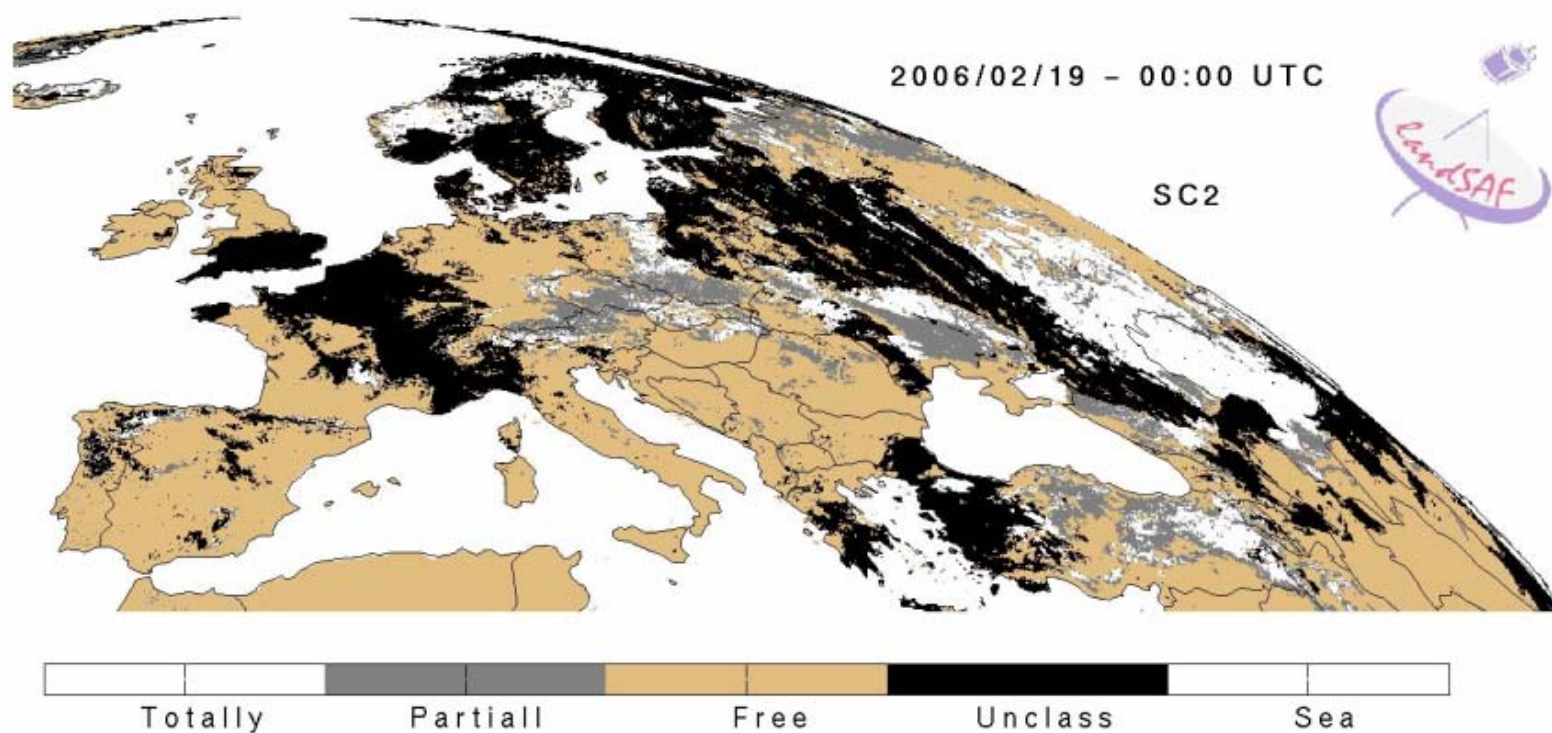
- Organisation principles

- Algorithms developed at one of the participating Institutes
- Algorithms handed over to IM for integration and production

THE PRODUCTS

Product	Acronym	Type	Institution
Surface Albedo	AL	OP	MF
Bi-directional Reflectance Distribution Function	BRDF	OP-Int	MF
Land Surface Temperature	LST	OP	IM
Thermal Surface Parameter	TSP	POC-Int	IMK
Emissivity	EM	OP-Int	ICAT
Downwelling Surface Short-wave Fluxes	DSSF	OP	MF
Downwelling Surface Long-wave Fluxes	DSLFF	OP	IM
Snow Cover	SC	OP	SMHI
Evapotranspiration	ET	OP	RMI
Fractional Vegetation Cover	FVC	OP	UV
Leaf Area Index	LAI	OP	UV
Risk Fire Manager	RFM	DEM	IDL
Fire Radiative Power & Energy	FRP&FRE	OP	
Fraction of Absorbed Photosynthetic Active Radiation	fAPAR	OP	UV

SNOW COVER

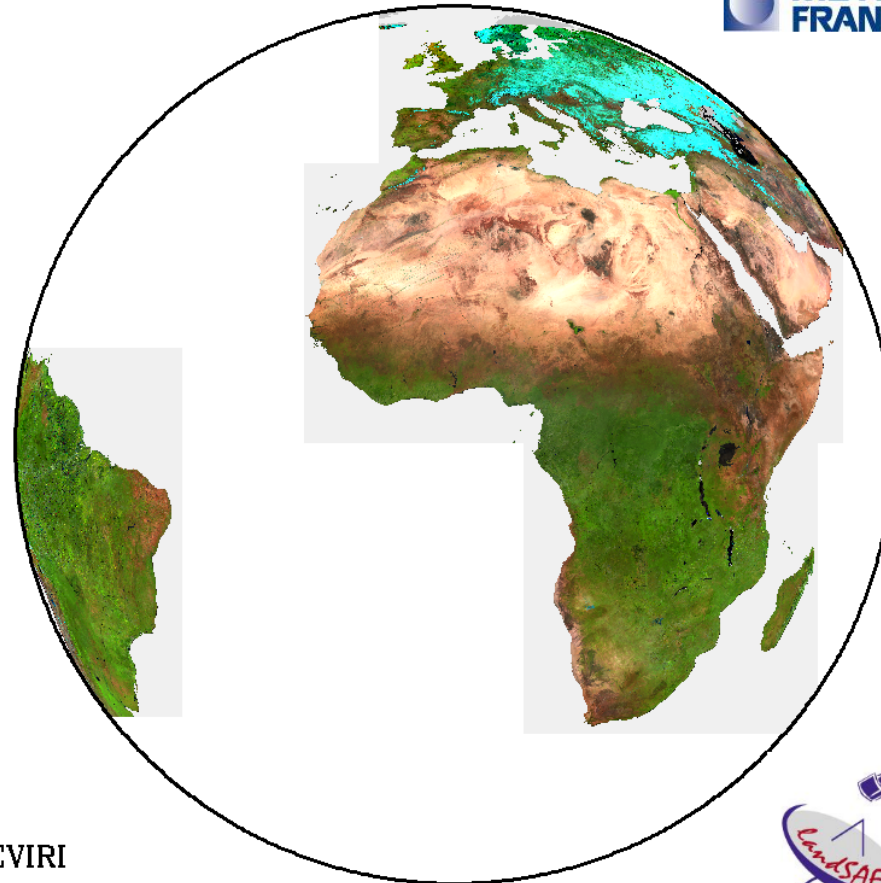


SURFACE ALBEDO

15.02.2006



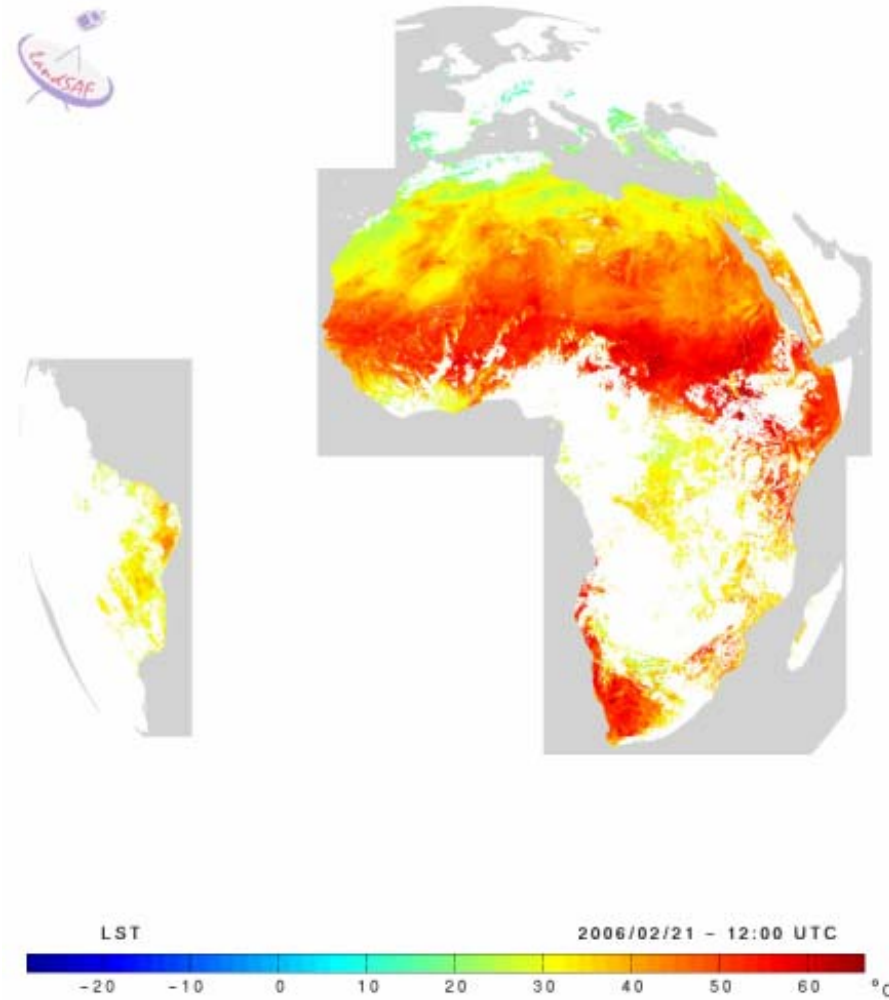
AL-SP-DH Colour Composite
R: $1.6\mu\text{m}$, G: $0.8\mu\text{m}$, B: $0.6\mu\text{m}$



Meteosat-8/SEVIRI

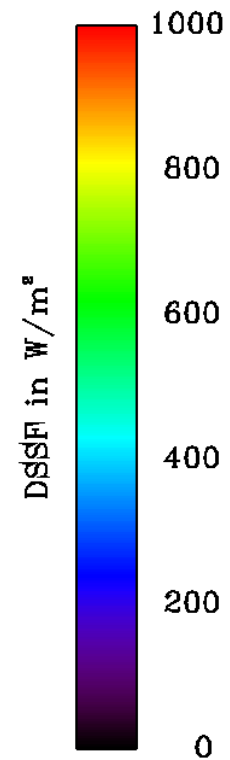


LAND SURFACE TEMPERATURE

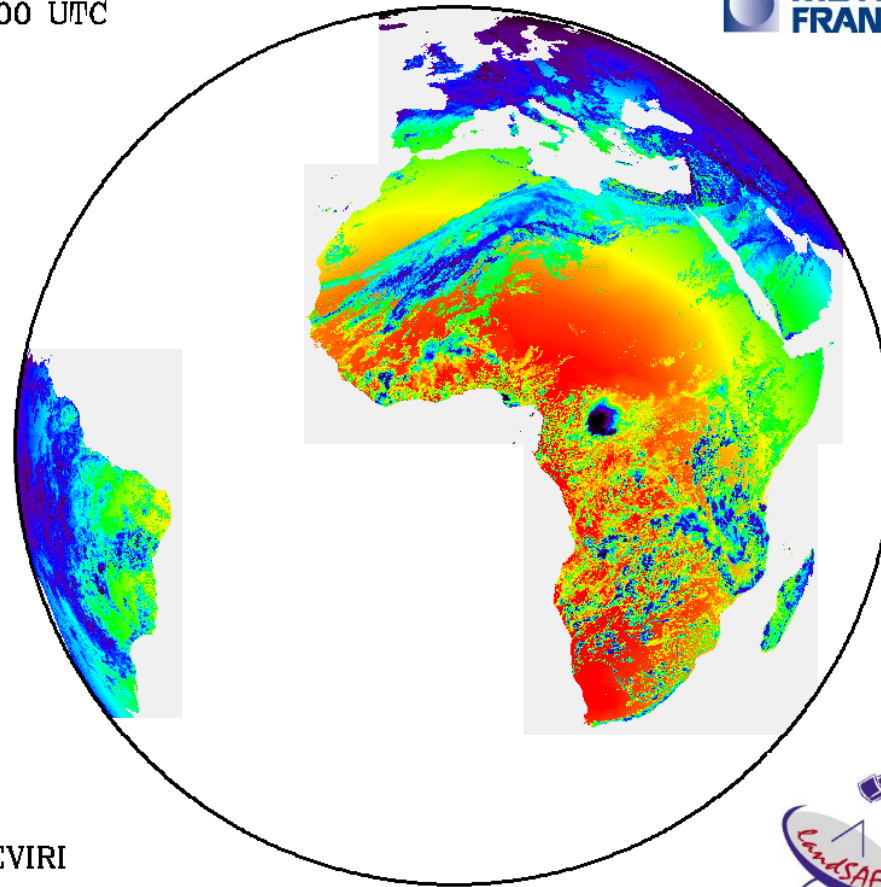


SHORT-WAVE RADIANCE

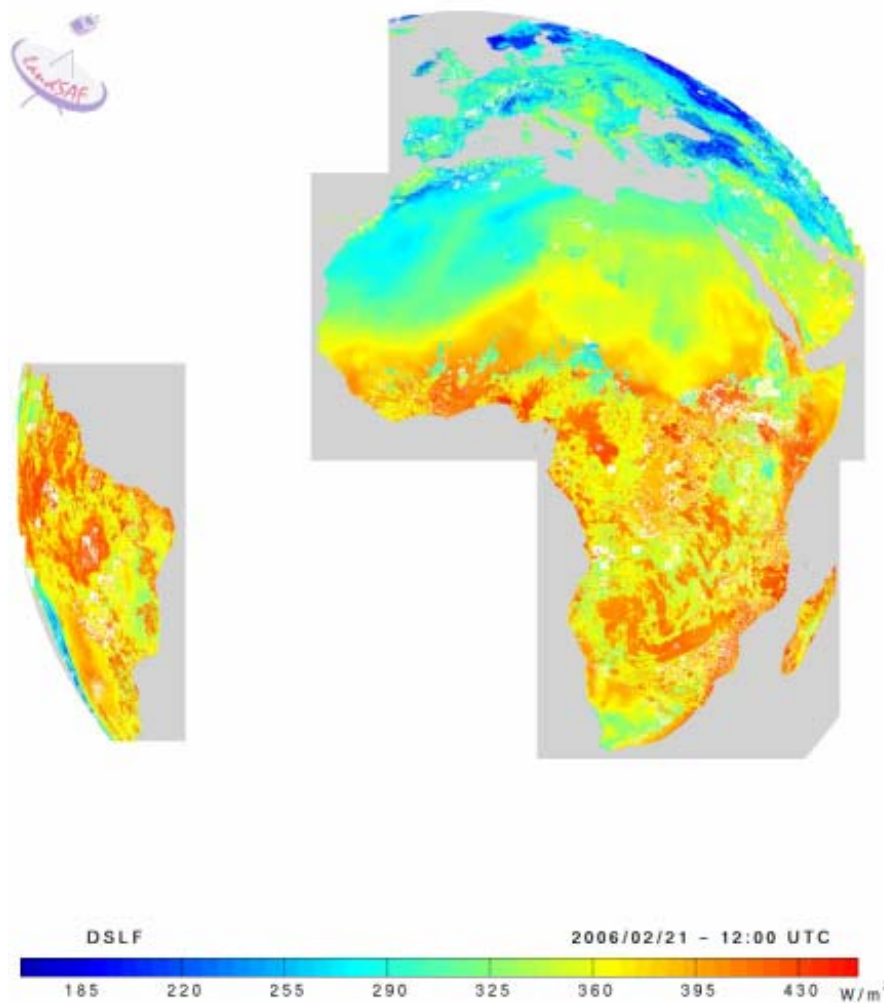
15.02.2006 12:00 UTC



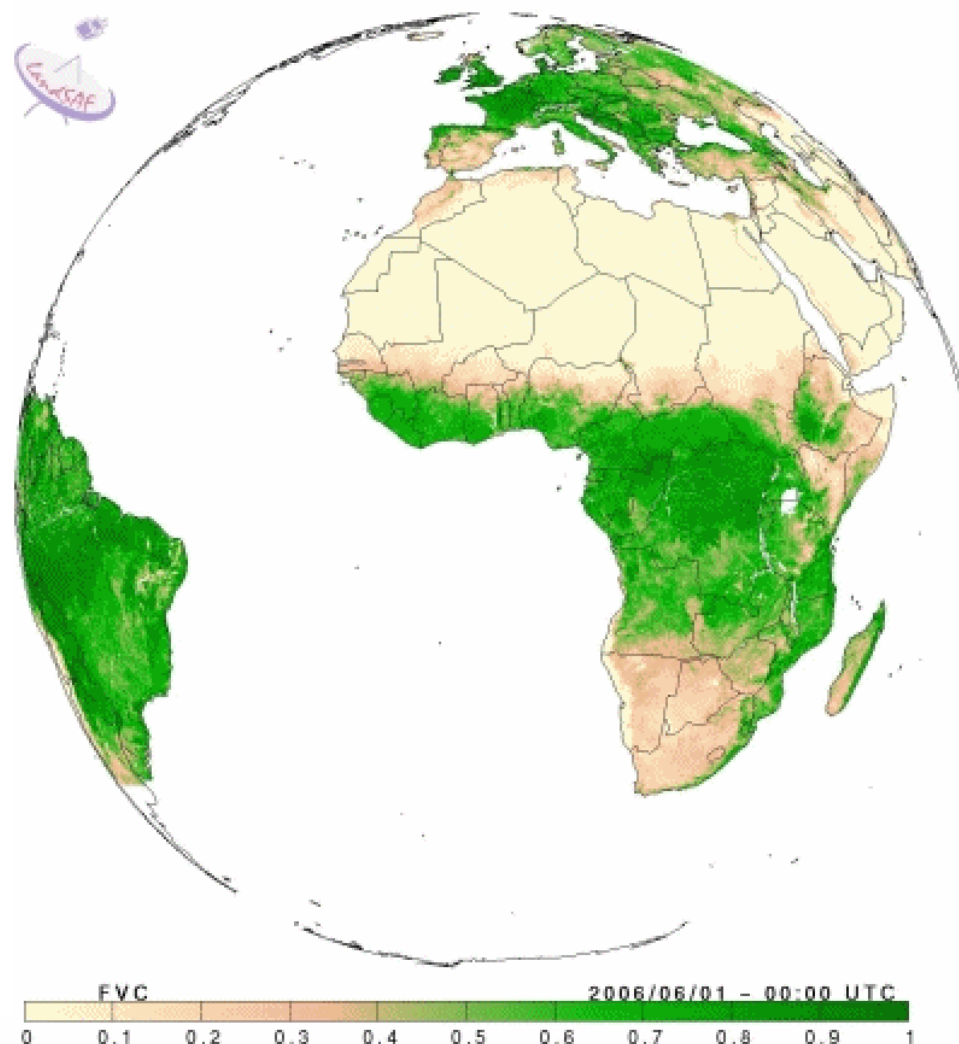
Meteosat-8/SEVIRI



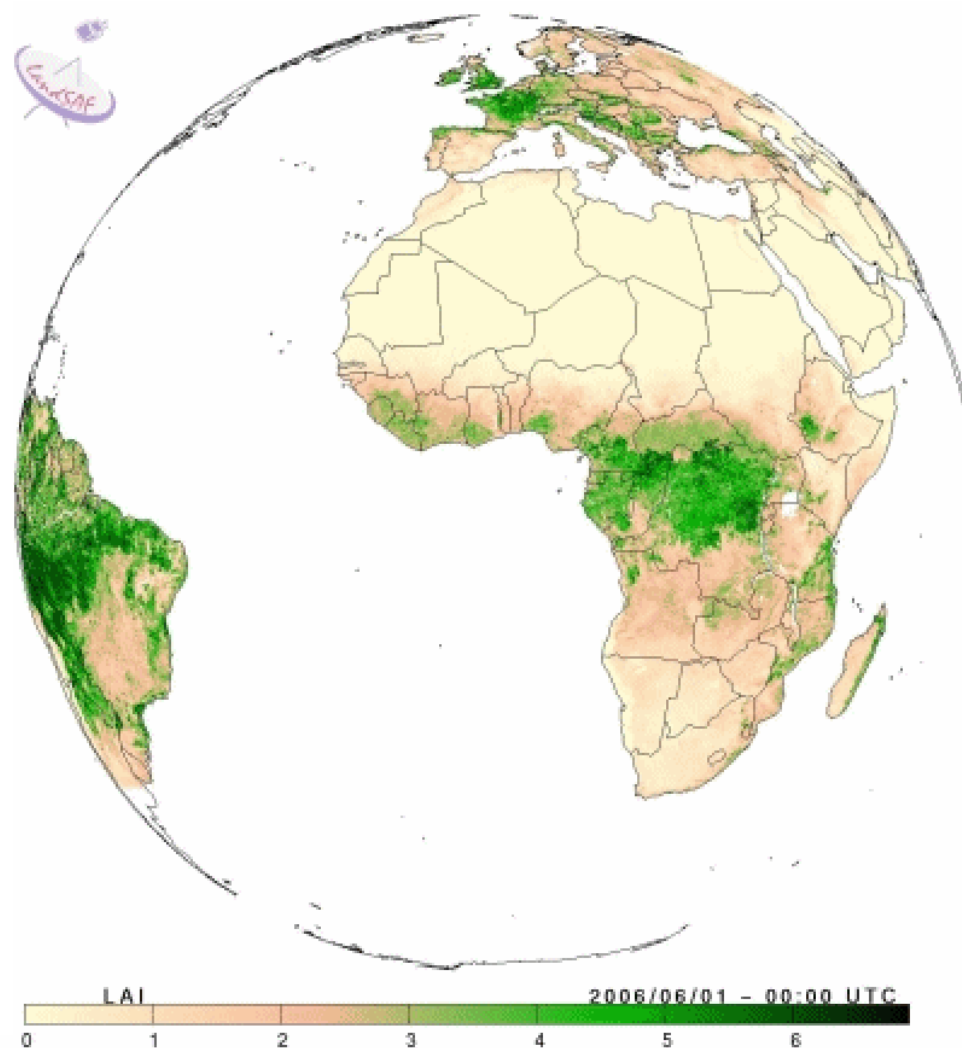
LONG-WAVE RADIANCE



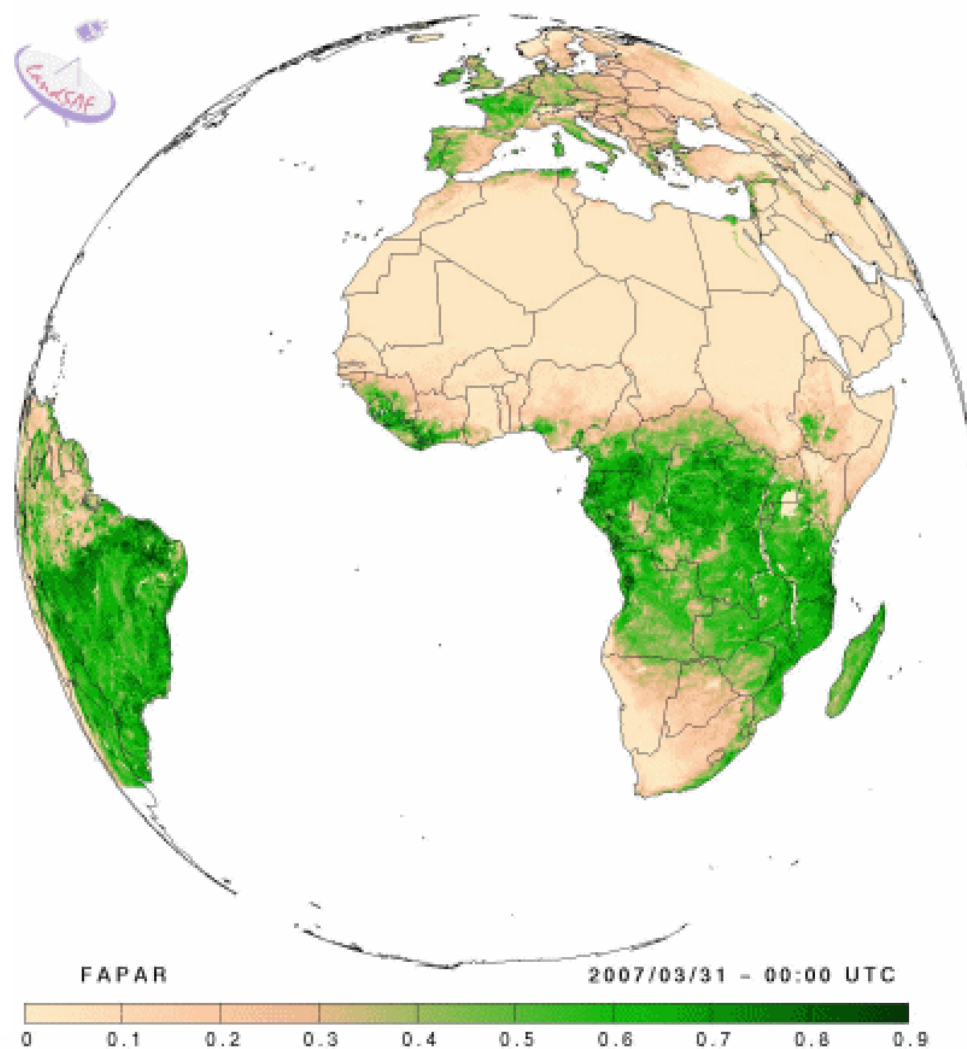
FRACTIONAL VEGETATION COVER



LEAF AREA INDEX



fAPAR



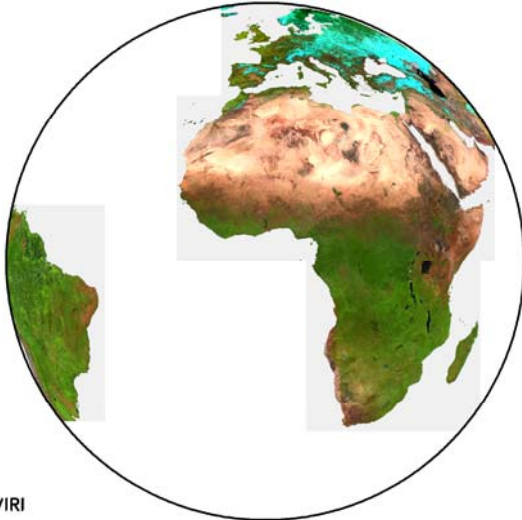
OUTLINE

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PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS (AL)

01.03.2006

AL-SP-DH Colour Composite
R: $1.6\mu\text{m}$, G: $0.8\mu\text{m}$, B: $0.6\mu\text{m}$

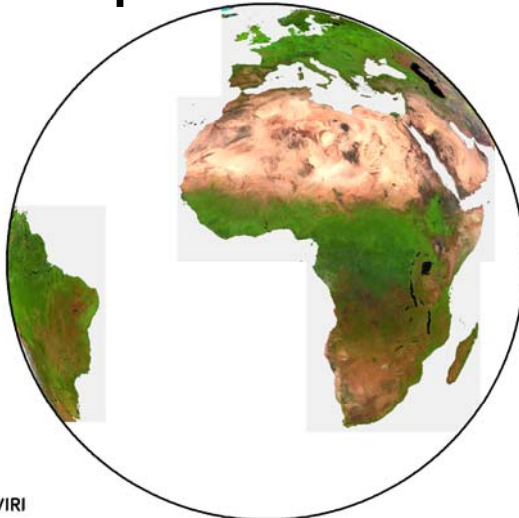


Meteosat-8/SEVIRI

Colour Composite Of Spectral Albedo

01.07.2006

AL-SP-DH Colour Composite
R: $1.6\mu\text{m}$, G: $0.8\mu\text{m}$, B: $0.6\mu\text{m}$



Meteosat-8/SEVIRI

Spatial Resolution: 3km at the Sub-Satellite Point

Projection: native MSG/SEVIRI Projection

Production Frequency: Daily

Effective Temporal Resolution: 5 Days

Format: HDF5

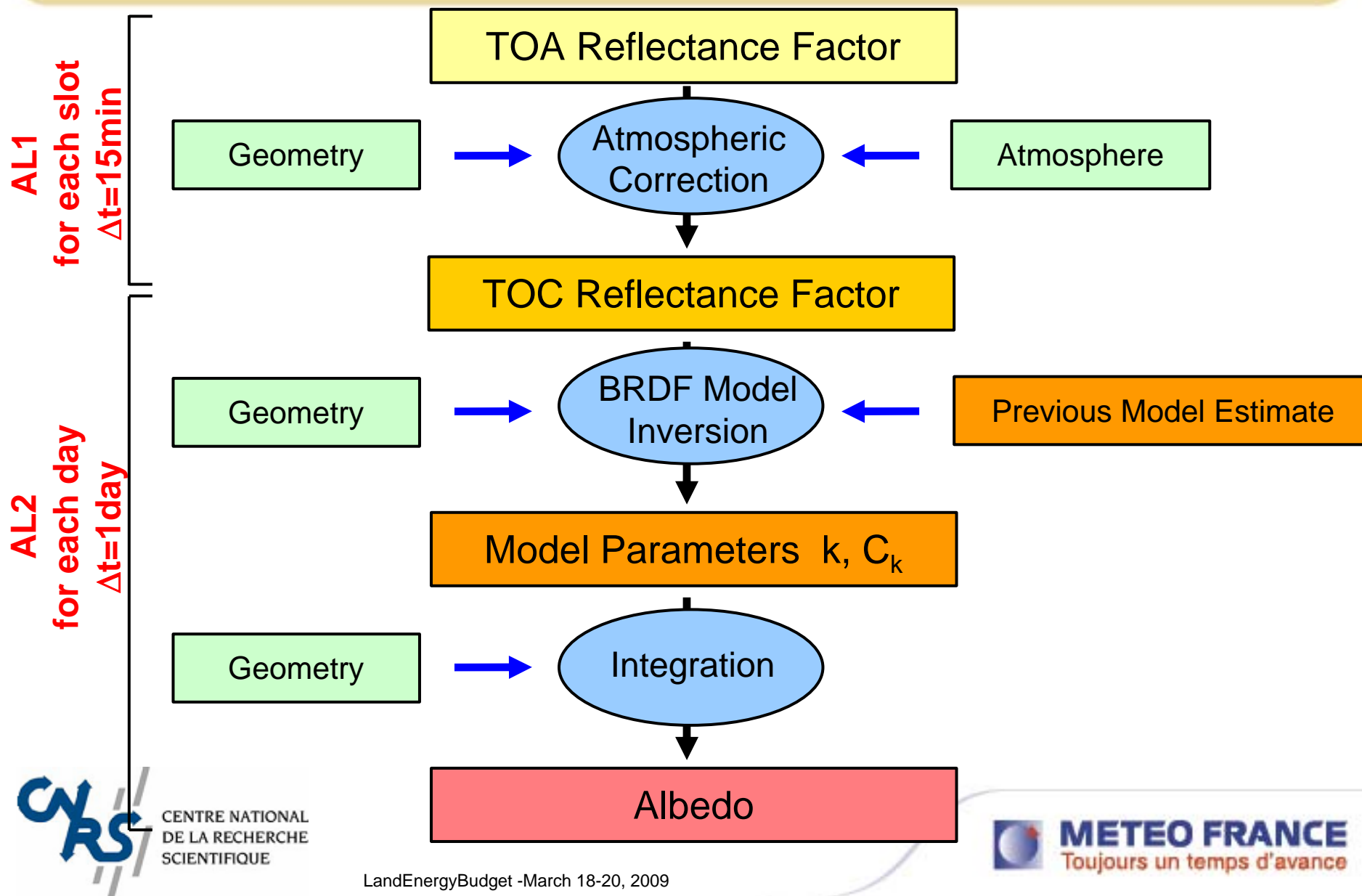
Timeliness: 3 hours

Dissemination: EUMETSAT broadcast system (EUMETCast), and project website (<http://landsaf.meteo.pt>)

Spectral Albedo (6): $0.6\mu\text{m}$, $0.8\mu\text{m}$, and $1.6\mu\text{m}$ (DH&BH)

BroandBand Albedo (4): VIS-DH ($[0.4\mu\text{m}, 0.7\mu\text{m}]$), NIR-DH ($[0.7\mu\text{m}, 4.0\mu\text{m}]$), SW-DH ($[0.3\mu\text{m}, 4.0\mu\text{m}]$), SW-BH ($[0.3\mu\text{m}, 4.0\mu\text{m}]$)

METHOD FOR RETRIEVAL

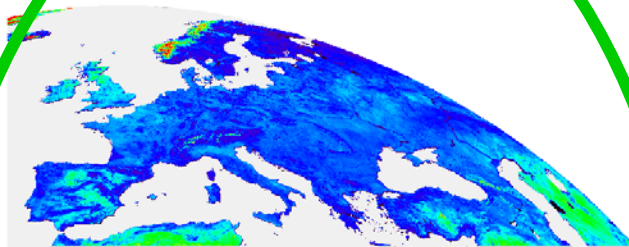
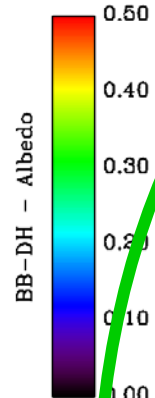


ALBEDO INPUT DATA

- **MSG Data: 0.6 μ m, 0.8 μ m, 1.6 μ m**
- **Solar and View Angles**
- **Land/Sea Mask**
- **Cloud Mask (SAF-NWC software)**
- **Total Column Water Vapour, and Pressure (ECMWF)**
- **Ozone Content (Climatology)**
- **Aerosol Optical Thickness (Climatology)**

COMPARISON WITH MODIS ALBEDO (1/2)

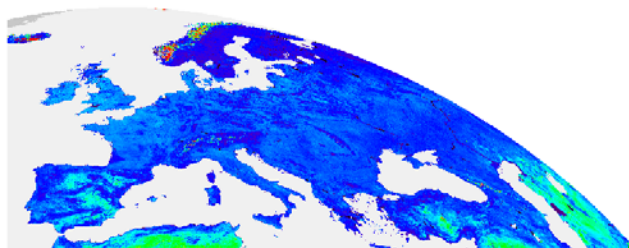
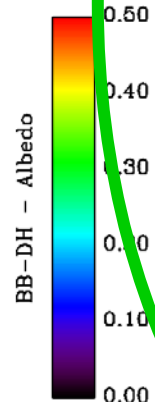
10.6.2005 - 25.6.2005



16-day average MSG Albedo

MSG

10.6.2005 - 25.6.2005



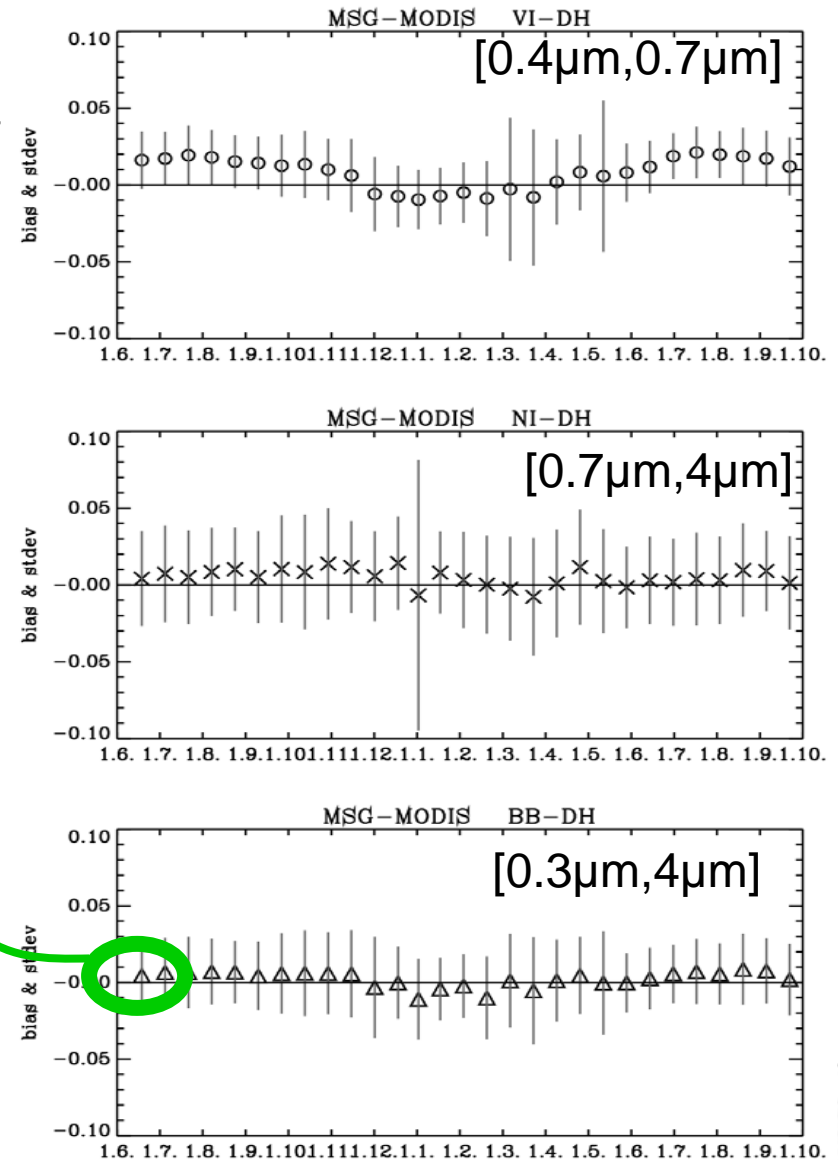
10-25 of June 2006



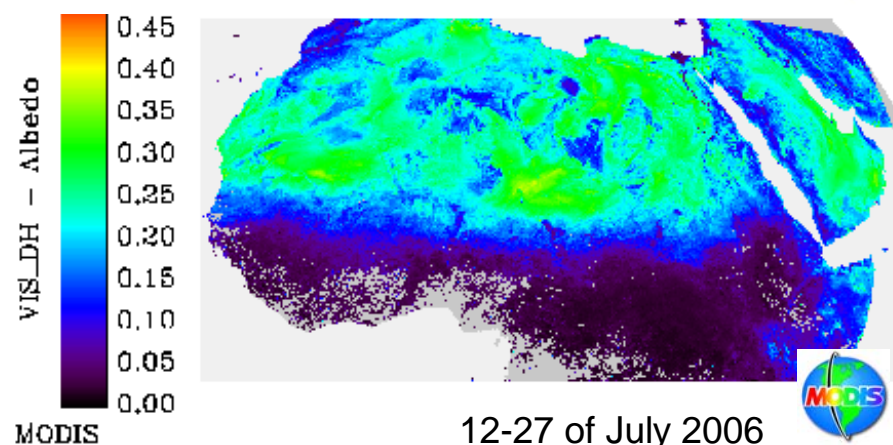
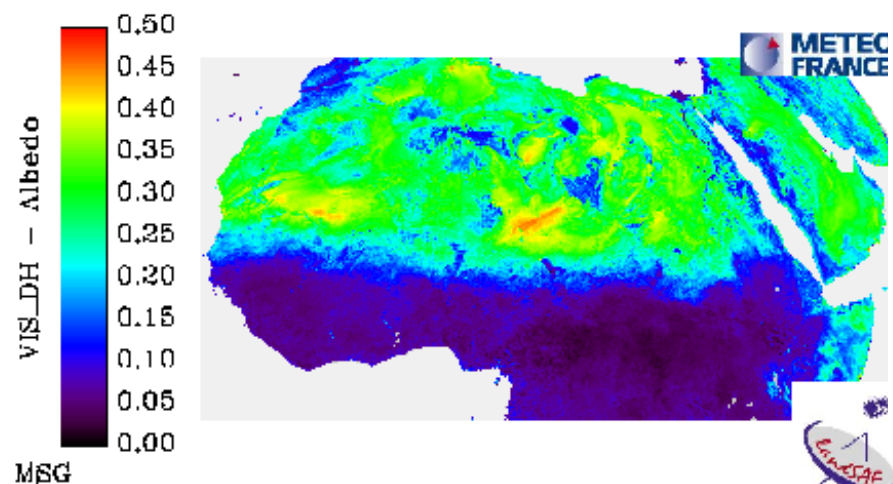
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LandEnergyBudget -March 18-20, 2009

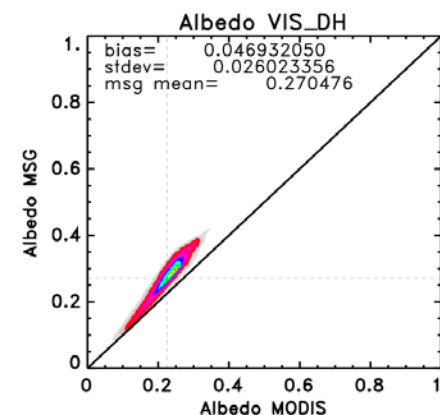
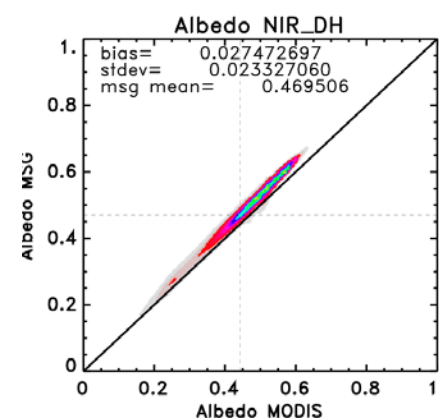
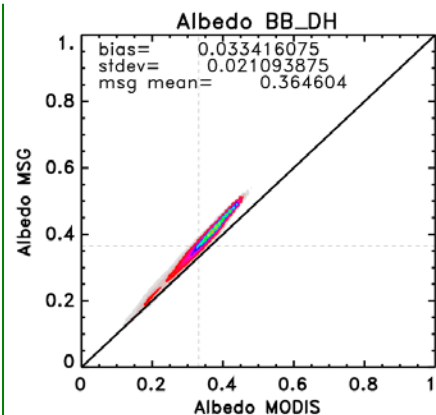
over Europe (from 2005-06-01 to 2006-10-01)



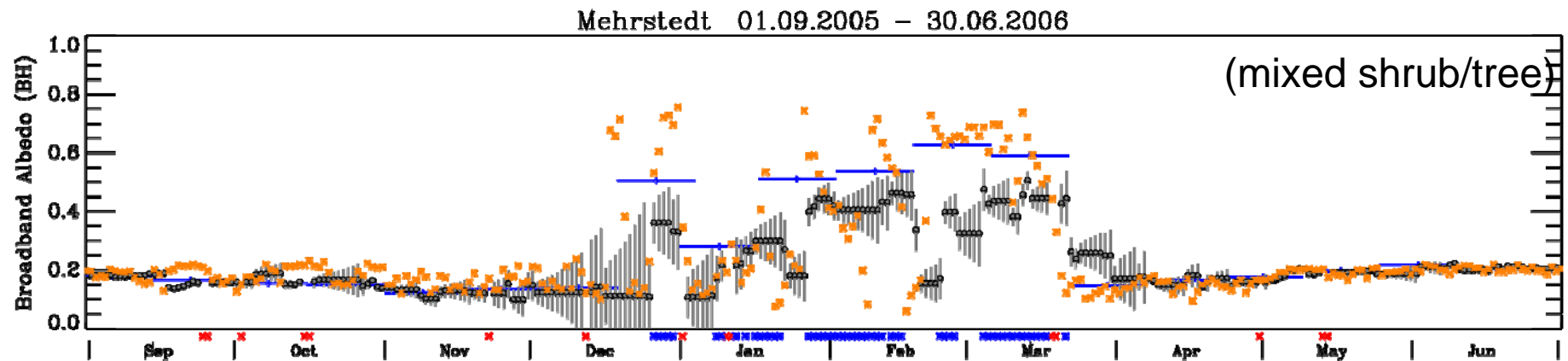
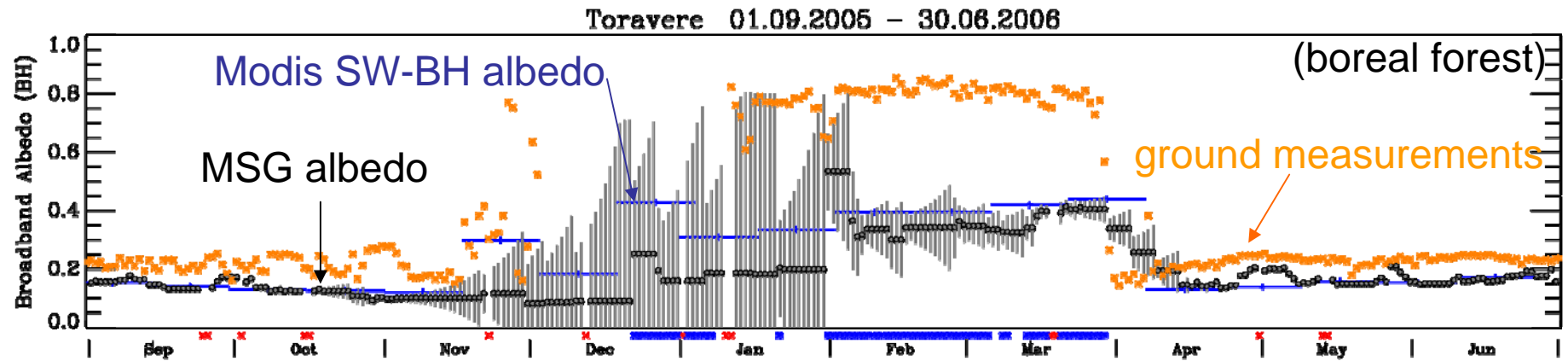
COMPARISON WITH MODIS ALBEDO (2/2)



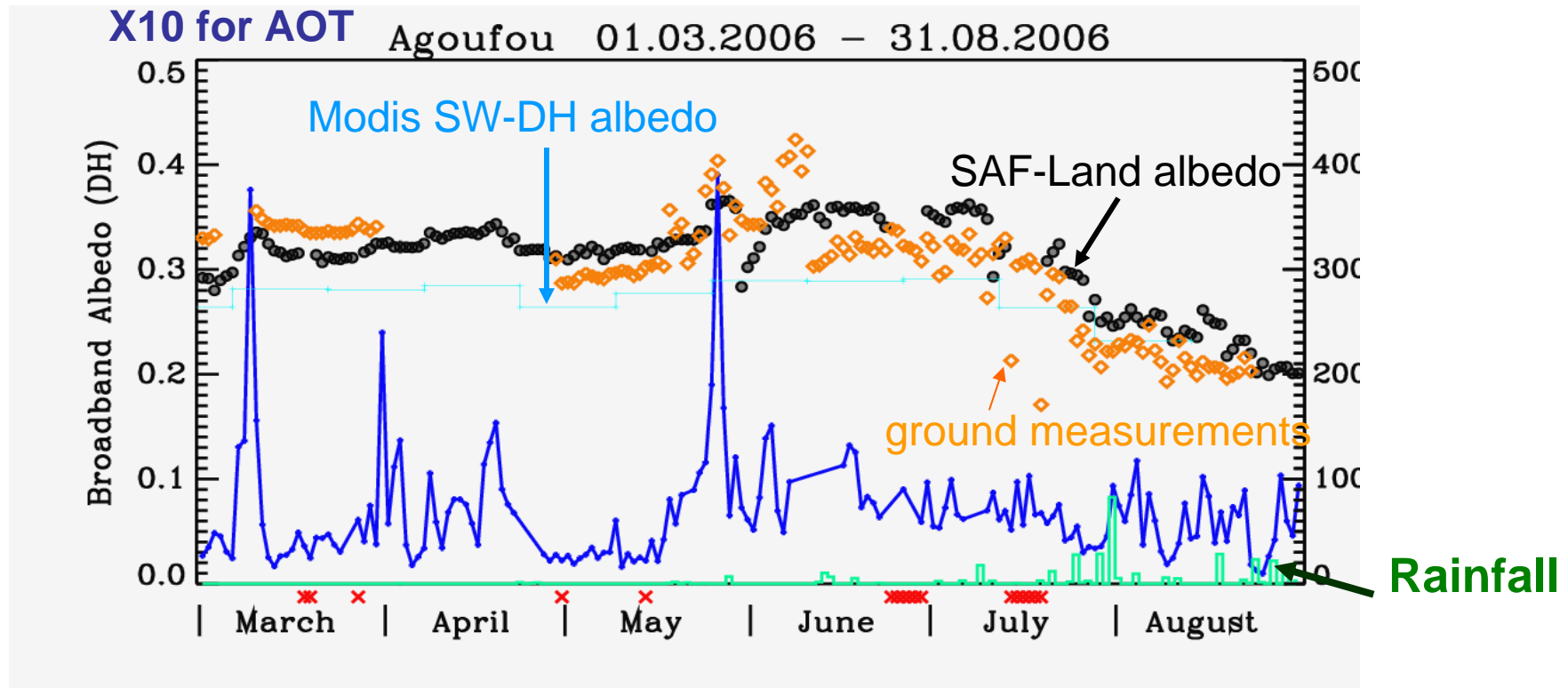
12-27 of July 2006



ALBEDO TIME SERIES (snowfall episodes)



ALBEDO TIME SERIES (aerosol events)



The temporal evolution of the albedo estimate is related to the evolution of surface properties (typically rainfall). The spurious fluctuations appear to be caused by aerosol effects.

SUMMARY OF PERFORMANCES (AL)

Accuracy

Over mid-latitude region:

bias: 5% in relative units for SW and NIR broadband albedo (except for snow/ice pixels) – **bellow 0.01 in absolute unit**

20% for VIS broadband albedo (potentially due to the use of different BRDF models and aerosol products)

stdev: 0.015 for VIS and 0.030 for NIR and SW (or BB)

Over brightening surfaces (North Africa): no degradation in relative units

Publications:

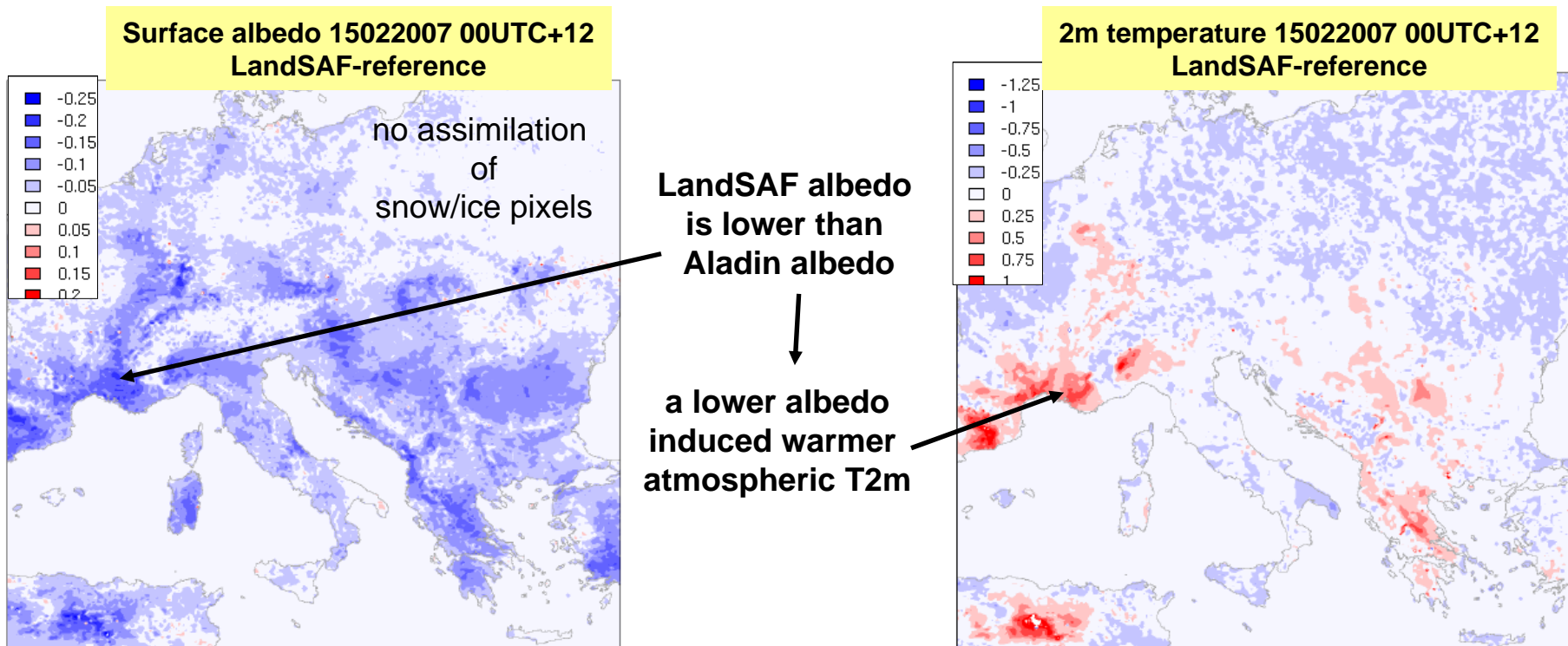
- Geiger, B., Carrer D., Franchistéguy L., Roujean J.-L., Meurey C., 2008, "*Land Surface Albedo derived on a daily basis from Meteosat Second Generation Observations*", IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing, **published**.
- Carrer, D., Roujean J.-L., Meurey C., "Evaluating operational MSG/SEVIRI land surface albedo products from Land SAF with ground measurements and MODIS", IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing, **submitted**.
- Product User Manual, and Validation Report, 2008, internal documents.

APPLICATION FOR WEATHER FORECAST

Weather forecast model: ALADIN (~9.5km)

Two experiments: with ALADIN albedo and with Land SAF albedo analysis

Run every day at 00h: 20070201->20070731 (54h forecast)



Conclusion of Score Study: weather model has a significant cold bias in winter. Satellite data permit to reduce this bias.



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(J. Cedilnik, D. Carrer, J.-L. Roujean and J.-F. Mahfouf, "Analysis of satellite derived surface albedo for numerical weather prediction", to submit)

LandEnergyBudget -March 18-20, 2009



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OPEN ISSUES AND FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS

•2009-2012:

1/ tuning of algorithms

2/ high latitude coverage: extension achieved due to the merging of MSG and MetOp data.

3/ to strengthen validation: over Africa & snow covered areas

4/ use in NWP models:

- radiative forcing (DSSF & DSLF).
- surface analysis (albedo).

5/ aerosols:

- operational algorithm under development.

(Carrer et al., submitted)

•Until 2019:

=> a perennial operational production with MTG and MetOp-2.

That's all folks!



LAND SURFACE ANALYSIS SATELLITE APPLICATIONS FACILITY

dominique carrer

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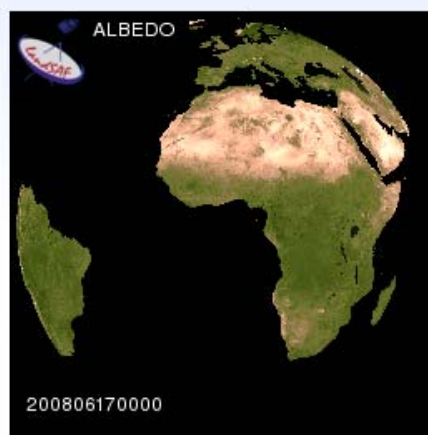
Home

The scope of Land Surface Analysis Satellite Applications Facility (LSA SAF) is to increase benefit from EUMETSAT Satellite (MSG and EPS) data related to:

- Land
- Land-Atmosphere interaction
- Biospheric Applications

The LSA SAF performs:

- R&D Programs.
- Operational Activities
 - Generation
 - Archiving
 - Dissemination



[See product colormaps...](#)

of land surface related products.

LSA SAF is an initiative of:



Latest News:

- Information LSA SAF outage [see more...](#)
- Information Possible difficulties in accessing the Landsaf.meteo.pt [see more...](#)
- Information Possible difficulties in accessing the Landsaf.meteo.pt [see more...](#)
- Information LSA SAF outage [see more...](#)
- Information New algorithm versions [see more...](#)
- Information LSA SAF outage [see more...](#)

Product Development Status:

MSG System

LST	DSSF	DSLIF	AL	SC	ET
FVC	LAI	IAPAR	FRPPIXEL		

EPS System

Caption

Internal	Develop.	Demo.	Pre-Operat.	Operat.
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LSA SAF consortium in CDOP (2007-2012):



MANY THANKS



METEO FRANCE
Toujours un temps d'avance